

# LOUISVILLE EVENING BULLETIN.

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LOUISVILLE, KY., WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 17, 1857.

NUMBER 221.

## EVENING BULLETIN.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY  
PRENTICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE,  
THIRD STREET, BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND GREEN.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES.—In ADVANCE.—Daily Journal \$10; County Daily \$8; Tri-Weekly \$6; Weekly \$3; Evening Bulletin \$8; a year or 128 cents a week, if mailed \$6 Weekly Bulletin \$1.

ADVERTISING CHARGE.—Country Dailies or Tri-Weekly \$10; Weekly—1 copy 2 years \$3; copies 1 year \$2; copies \$1; 15 copies or more \$1 50 each. Weekly Bulletin—11 copies for \$10.

Papers sent by mail are payable in advance.

The Daily, Country Daily, Tri-Weekly is to be discontinued (paid and mailed at the time subscribed for), the subscriber must order, otherwise it will be continued at our option, until paid for and stopped, we have been our custom.

If not paid, it is to be paid at the time of discontinuance, or at our option, if party is good, it will be sent to us.

Remittances by mail, in registered letters, at our risk.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.—See THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL FOR A FULL LIST OF LOCAL ADVERTISERS.

One square, 10 lines One square, 10 lines  
agains... \$1.00 One square, one month... \$6.00  
Do, each additional in- Do, two months... \$10.00  
sertion..... 25 Do, three months... \$12.00  
Do, one week... 25 1/2 Do, six months... \$20.00  
Do, two weeks... 50 Do, one year... \$25.00  
Do, three weeks... 75 Do, two years... \$50.00  
Standing card, four times or less, per annum... \$15.00  
One square, changeable weekly, per annum... \$40.00  
Do, do, do, three times do per annum \$60.00  
Each additional square, one-half the above prices.  
Advertisements published at intervals of \$1 for first insertion and \$1 for each subsequent insertion.

Announcing Candidates—\$1 per week for each name.  
Advertisements not marked will be inserted one month after payment exacted.

Early advertisements pay quarterly; all others in advance. Rate of 10 cents for each advertisement, sheriff's and commissioners' sales, patent medicine, theatrical, circus, or similar advertising, not published by the year.

Advertisements for charitable institutions, fire companies, ward, and other public meetings, and such like.

Marriages and deaths published as news. Obituaries and funeral notices also as advertisements.

Editorial notices and communications, inserted in editorial columns and intended to promote private interests, 20 cents per line; those only inserted at the discretion of the editor.

No communication will be inserted, unless accompanied by the real name of the author.

Steamboat advertisements—25 cents for first insertion and 15 cents for each continuance; each change considered a new advertisement. Standard advertisements for regular packages, a season, not over six months, \$12 for one.

Advertisements inserted only in the Evening Bulletin will be charged half the above price; if inserted in Daily Journal and continued, after first insertion, in the Evening Bulletin, one-half the above rates.

Advertisements kept on the inside of the Journal are charged an extra price.

ADVERTISING RATES.—IN WEEKLY JOURNAL.—Each square (10 lines or less) first insertion... \$1.00

Each square, one month... \$1.50

Advertisements continued in the Weekly Bulletin, if they are continued also in the Weekly Journal, will be charged for at the rate of 10 cents for each continuance; if not continued in Weekly Journal 20 cents.

Written notice must be given to take out and stop advertisements, or to make any change before the year expires, or to cancel them.

No contract for yearly advertisements will be discontinued without previous notice to us, nor will any charge be made for less than one year at the early rates.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1857.

EXHIBITION OF THE SECOND WARD PUBLIC SCHOOL.—During the present month the examination of the pupils in the various public schools have been in progress. They have attracted, as they deserve, very considerable attention, and we are gratified to note the high educational standard which exists in all of these institutions.

Yesterday the exhibition of the Second Ward School was held. In the morning, the pupils of the Primary School, under the charge of Miss Salie Simpson, Principal, and Miss Jennie Kerr and Mrs. Crooks, were examined. Also, at the same time, the Secondary Department, under the charge of Mrs. Elliott, Principal, and Misses Carrie Clark and Eliza Cross.

But the most interesting exercises were reserved for the afternoon, when there was an unusually large audience present, and the exhibition of the grammar school was held. These scholars are of the more advanced grades, and well exhibited the careful training they had received from their accomplished teachers, Miss Salie Clark, Principal, and Miss Martha Robinson, Assistant. The audience was particularly delighted with the charming singing of the following talented ladies, viz.: Misses Mollie Dennis, May Ramsey, Rachel Gibbons, Harriet Bulkeley, Annie Dennis, Emma Cross, Mary Duren, Ophelia Dinwiddie, Martha Scott, and Alice Woolford. Miss Carrie Flagg recited the fine poem, "Lochinvar," with great effect.

We have never witnessed a scene of greater interest than that of yesterday. All were delighted, and all manifested the utmost enthusiasm.

THE venerable Joseph Gales, of the National Intelligencer, has commenced in that journal the publication of a series of historical papers on the Declaration of War between the United States and Great Britain in the year 1812. The unequalled qualifications of Mr. Gales for the task he has undertaken entitle the public to expect from his pen a contribution to our political history of every race interest and value. And that expectation will most assuredly be fulfilled.

Mr. Robert J. Walker is apparently a rising man. He failed to become President Buchanan's Secretary of State by the narrowest of margins, but if we can believe the accounts we have from Washington, he is soon to be called to that high office. General Custer being too old—"and too fat, sir"—to discharge the duties of the place, though he can, in some cases, fit it. —*Boston Traveller.*

Then he is so much superior to Robert J. Walker, who can't fill it in any sense. Walker's faculties would cut as meager a figure in the functions of the State Department as his shanks would in its spacious rooms.

AESOP OUTDONE.—Lord Palmerston, in reply to some Scotch clergymen who petitioned him to advise her Majesty to fix a day for a national fast on account of the cholera, suggested that they "had better look after the town drainage." Upon the whole, we rather prefer this to the fable of "Jupiter and the Countryman."

DROWNED WHILE FISHING.—Day before yesterday the body of Michael Burke was found in the river at Dunkirk. He was subject to fits, and it is supposed that while fishing he fell into the river and was drowned. The deceased resided on the corner of Madison and Hancock streets.

BOY DROWNED.—Yesterday afternoon Jerry Buckner, a boy aged about 15 years, was drowned while bathing in Beargrass creek, near the foot of Jackson street. His mother resides in the First ward. Some time since the father of the deceased was run over by a car and killed.

The following from Punch is probably the severest satire ever uttered against human nature:

"It remains to-morrow as to which of the two they would sooner be, 'a knave or a fool.' The majority would be at least two in one's favor of the knave."

A New York editor, in describing the new cent, says "it looks so much like a dime that it will take in an omnibus driver in the dark."

[For the Louisville Bulletin.]

### THE MILKING.

She sat amid the clover-blooms—  
And oh! the milking-maid was fair—  
The jet-black heifer's shining sides  
Were not so shiny as her hair!

The living roses on her cheeks  
Glowed through her loose locks' heavy night,  
And, like twin stars, lost in a storm,  
Her dark eyes flashed to meet the light.

Most musically the dainty milk  
Through rosy, clasping fingers fell,  
And from her happy heart her joy  
Rang heavenward, like a silver bell,

While, from the clinging fields of May,  
The sweet birds, floating, shook their dew  
From throbbing wings and wildly beat  
With song the starry-gated blue.

Half pictured in her bashful air—  
Half uttered in her simple lay—  
Love's sweet unrest, that makes the woods  
Seem heavy with the winds of May.

(When all the hills are bleak,) showed plain,  
And every blossom growing by,  
With crimson bough to the sun,  
Found on her cheek a swift reply.

Love crowns the outer types of faith  
With the emblem of inner sense;  
And in the lowest heart stands np,  
Serene with truth's magnificence!

past the wild spring. Above the woods  
The falling moon hangs low and white,  
And down the fading meadows drift  
The wind's shadows of the night.

Her weary hands together laid—  
For now the milking is all done!—  
The lovely promise of her life  
Far in the distance lies unwon.

And birds from out the shining fields  
Shall sing to go meet the dawn;  
While low and still the maideu lies  
With death's white crown of silence on—

Low, where a bird-song cannot reach,  
The shadow of her beauty waits  
The angel, who, to save from pain,  
Unbarred for her the starry gates.

She dwelleth by the living stream;  
For her the amaranth splendor glows,  
Where o'er the golden hills of God  
The never ending summer blow!

EMMA ALICE BROWNE.

### JEFFERSON COUNTY.

	Wheat.	Bullitt.
Jeffersontown	119	158
Two-Mile House	26	48
Cross-Roads	65	46
Harrod's Creek	59	15
Blankenbaker's	10	26
Middleton	84	70
Gillman's	33	55
Oakland	59	73
Lower Ponds	150	34
Boston	33	59
Hayes's	32	68
	670	652

Wheat's majority, 18

Bullitt County—Official.—Wheat 281; Bullitt 314—Bullitt's majority 33.

Nelson, reported 140 majority for Bullitt.

Washington, reported 200 majority for Bullitt.

The returns from Nelson and Washington, if correct, show a gain upon the vote in November of over 700 for Wheat. The indications at present are, that Wheat is elected by a majority much larger than Fillmore's in the district in November.

SAD ATTEMPT TO COMMIT SUICIDE.—Professor D. Barton Ross, author of the "Southern Speaker" and other class books, attempted to commit suicide in Petersburg, Va., on Thursday, by taking chloroform and stabbing himself in the region of the heart with a sharp knife. He was not dead at 2 o'clock on Friday morning, though little hope is entertained of his recovery. The wound was inflicted while shut up in his room at Powell's Hotel, and when found he was lying on the floor in a pool of blood. On the bed were discovered letters addressed to his friends and wife, indicating disappointment and depression of spirits, and intimating and attributing the intention of taking his life to reverse of fortune, and the non-appreciation of his efforts in the furtherance of Southern literature.

A NEWSPAPER REPORTER ELECTED U. S. SENATOR.—The Topeka (bogus) Legislature of Kansas met according to programme, last Tuesday week, and after two days' exertion, succeeded in electing W. A. Phillips, the New York Tribune's Kansas correspondent, United States Senator from the State of Kansas, vice Gen. Jim Lane, resigned. History is silent as to the manner in which Mr. Phillips received the dignified office, the chief honor of which is the privilege of going to Washington next winter, applying for a seat, and being refused.

DROWNED.—At Madison, on Sunday, a little boy and girl, children of S. Anger, wandered down to the river, and while at play on the float of Thompson & McKim's coal boats, the little girl, only four years old, fell into the river and was drowned. All the efforts to recover the body have been unsuccessful.

The father of the deceased has telegraphed a friend in this city, stating that he will pay all necessary expenses incurred in recovering the body of the child.

THE REWARD.—The committee of ladies to award a prize to that one of the pupils of the Female High School who had, during the past term, preserved her books and desk with the greatest neatness, has rendered a decision. Miss Eudora Lucas is the successful contestant, and we have every reason to believe that a more proper award could not have been made. May she ever wear her honors, and her beautiful gold thimble—the prize—with becoming dignity.

NEGRO DROWNED.—Last winter while the river was frozen, a negro man, the property of James Hewitt, fell through a hole and was drowned. His body was recovered day before yesterday, and identified by the skates on his feet. He was skating at the time of the fatal accident. The Coroner held an inquest.

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### RIVER AND STEAMBOAT MATTERS.

#### PORTLAND TELEGRAPH LINE.

Office at Portland, Deline's Drug Store, on the wharf.  
Office at Shippingport, in the Canal Office.  
Office at Louisville, Durrill's Clothing Store, corner Fourth and Water streets.

The river was still rising last evening. There were then 10 feet 9 inches water in the canal, and 7 feet over the rocks on the falls. Several heavy showers fell last evening and last night. The Fannu Bullitt and Southerner came up over the falls, and the Glendale went down last evening. The James Montgomery will come to the wharf this morning.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.—The James Montgomery and Fanny Bullitt will both leave for New Orleans this evening from the city wharf. They are elegant boats, have first-rate accommodations, and ably officered.

FOR ST. LOUIS.—The Southerner is the packet for St. Louis to-day. She is commanded by Captain Tripplett, and Messrs. Sherley and Harrison are the clerks. Capt. P. is favorably known and enjoys great popularity.

FOR PORT LEE.—The Southerner is the packet for Port Lee to-day. She is commanded by Captain Teeter, and the clerks are Captain Tripplett, and Messrs. Sherley and Harrison.

FOR NEW YORK.—The Southerner is the packet for New York to-day. She is commanded by Captain Teeter, and the clerks are Captain Tripplett, and Messrs. Sherley and Harrison.

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**DECLINE OF DRUNKENNESS IN LONDON.**—The London Economist, of the 23d ult., publishes an official tabular statement of the number of persons arrested for drunkenness within the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Police from the year 1831 to 1855 inclusive, which shows that the number of drunken persons taken into custody in the first year was 31,253, and that in the latter year was only 19,267, while the population of the city has increased about 50 per cent. within the period included in the return. The tables do not embrace the jurisdiction of the city police, under the orders of the corporation.

**DEATH IN PRISON.**—A convict named Ward died in the Franklin county jail on Tuesday. Ward was sent to the Penitentiary from Russellville, for harboring and otherwise assisting runaway negroes, but had some time since served out his time. There was another indictment against him in Russellville, but, as his case did not come up until the fall term of the Circuit Court in that place, he preferred remaining in the jail in Frankfort until the time arrived when he was to have been tried. He had been sick some time previous to leaving the penitentiary, and died in the jail.

**SALES OF BLOODED STOCK.**—P. & O. W. Swigert on Monday last sold the use of two two-year old fillies until five years old, when they are to be returned, for one thousand dollars each. They are both sired by "Glencoe," and one is out of the "Envoy" mare, the other out of the "Gray Eagle" mare, both of which mares were out of "Mary Morris" by "Medoc" and dam of "Wild Irishman" and "Frankfort."

Calvin Green, Esq., of Richmond, Va., was the purchaser, for which place they have been shipped.

**The Louisville and Frankfort Railroad Company** have made arrangements for the painting of the new bridge over the Kentucky river at Frankfort. The paint will contain a composition which will be a positive assurance against fire from locomotive sparks.

**John D. Decrees,** President of the Central Bank, at Indianapolis, gives notice that the Bank has gone into liquidation, and the notes must be presented for payment within the next two years.

**The Indianapolis National Guards** have accepted an invitation from Lexington, Ky., to attend the dedication of the Clay monument at that place on the 4th of July.

We have received from W. Hunter, Esq., chief clerk in the Department of State at Washington, a valuable public document.

**Col. Wm. R. Smith,** who died near Warrenton, Va., a few days ago, was the father of 22 children.

**THE DERBY RACE IN ENGLAND.**—The last English papers contain full accounts of the great Derby at Epsom, on the 27th ult. The London correspondent of the Philadelphia American writes:

The day was exceedingly fine, and not less than one hundred thousand persons were conveyed to Epsom Downs, about sixteen miles from London, by rail, and every species of vehicle that can be imagined, from the peer's splendid four horse drag, down to an humble pony cart. The scenes along the road and upon the downs are most remarkable, and the sight immediately preceding, during, and after the race is run, is not only intensely exciting, but can be imagined rather than described.

The winner of the stakes, out of a field of three year old horses and mares numbering thirty, was a mare called "Blink Bonny;" the value of the stakes exceeds \$30,000; the distance run is a mile and a half, which is accomplished in a little over two minutes. Thus this great race, upon which hundreds of thousands of pounds is pending, and which a hundred thousand persons at considerable personal expense and some risk, go to visit, commences and is over, as it were, in a breath. The Houses of Parliament were closed on that day; little or nothing was done on the stock exchange, and in short, all persons who had the inclination and the means put in an appearance on the downs at some period of the day.

**THE STORM AT GEORGETOWN.**—The terrific storm which visited this city last Saturday morning appears to have prevailed very generally throughout the State. The Georgetown Journal gives the following account of its vivid operations in that section:

The only effect of this storm, so far as we could learn, was visited upon our fellow-citizen Keene Richards. Esq., the lightning having struck his stable containing his Arabian stock, fortunately, however, without causing any other injury than knocking down and severely stunning his hossler and one of his horses and demolishing one of the large water tanks connected with the stable. It is thought that two successive strokes were visited upon the stable; one having struck the end of the stable, passed along the water-tank, and expended its force upon a locust tree beyond, completely shattering it. The other struck the stable, and, passing into the reservoir, came in contact with the water, exploded, and shattered the tank. Mr. Richards' servant man is still suffering from the shock which he received, but is now able to get about.

F. H. Abbott, Esq., lost at least \$2,500 by the storm on Saturday. Some thin it will exceed this amount. Prof. Thomas' loss will be about \$1,200.

**GREAT STORM IN ILLINOIS.**—A severe hail storm occurred in Illinois on Saturday:

**TERRE HAUTE,** June 14.

On yesterday about 3 o'clock P. M., a heavy hail storm and wind passed over Pana, tearing roofs off houses, and throwing cars off the track. The freight depot of the Illinois Central Railroad and a great many houses were blown down, and some five or six persons killed. Passengers going east and west had to be transferred on account of the freight being blown off the track.

The engineer of the freight train going to Pana from St. Louis had great difficulty in staying on the engine as the wind blew in the cab window.

**City and County of St. Louis vs. Page & Bacon.**—The jury in this case have failed to agree, and been finally discharged by the Court. We have heard nothing of the points of disagreement; but they stated that their differences of judgment were irreconcileable; and thereupon they were discharged.

This is a practical defeat of the City and County of St. Louis, and a triumph of Page & Bacon. The City and County were plaintiffs. They made their allegations of fraud against the directors of the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad and Page & Bacon; they went into Court and before a jury; and they have failed to make their case or obtain a verdict. We say it is a decision against the City and County and in favor of Page & Bacon.

**St. Louis Intel.**, June 15.

**Shakespeare's Birth Place to be Covered with Glass.**—The London Art Journal says: "It will startle many to learn that arrangements are in progress for covering with glass, or rather for putting into a huge glass case the house in which Shakespeare was born, at Stratford-on-Avon. The house on both sides have been taken down, and the man himself now stands alone. The object of this course is to protect the house against the effects of weather, and the further influence of time."

[From the St. Louis Republican.]  
**Indian Hostilities on the Plains.**—An Emigrant Train Attacked and Destroyed—Four Men Killed, two Men and one Woman Wounded—The Indians in the rear of Col. Sumner's Command.

We have just received a letter from Fort Riley, which we publish below, informing us that an emigrant train has been attacked and destroyed by the Cheyenne Indians, about eighty miles west of that post.

It may be recollect that Col. Sumner left Fort Leavenworth some three or four weeks ago, with six companies of infantry, for the purpose of making war upon the Cheyennes. He divided his force, sending one portion up the Arkansas, under command of Major Sedgwick, and leading the other himself up the Platte. It would appear that the Indians have slipped down between the two columns and commenced murdering and robbing in their rear.

The Cheyennes are amongst the boldest and most warlike Indians on our Western prairies, and, if once fairly aroused, will be difficult to subdue. They number about one thousand warriors, and will doubtless be joined by many young Sioux braves, with whom they are closely connected.

As there are great many emigrants crossing the plains this season, it is very much to be feared that we shall soon hear of other catastrophes similar to that described below:

NEAR FORT RILEY, June 9, 1857.

MR. EDITOR: Our quiet community has just been thrown into considerable excitement by the news that the Indians, supposed to be the Cheyennes, have attacked small party of emigrants about eighty miles west of Fort Riley, and killed four men and two women wounded and one woman. One of the survivors, Mr. A. P. Weaver, has reached this place and makes the following statement:

About eighty miles from the post on the Republican fork of Kansas river, my party had just left camp on the morning of Saturday, the 6th of June, 1857, about 9 o'clock, A. M. About 150 Indians, mounted, charged on our train and surrounded it; they commenced firing on our men; they killed four men of our party. After their guns were discharged, the Indians retired to a creek close by and continued their fire until we left the wagons. Before we had got out of sight they had emptied the wagons; a part of them pursued us. Our party consisted of ten men, eight women, and ten children. I left the party coming down in this direction with two men and one woman wounded, all on foot and out of provisions. One of the four men killed was endeavoring to escape but was overtaken, and the last that was seen of him the Indians were dragging him by a lariat.

The names of three of the men killed are S. D. Weaver, M. Lewis, and Sam. Smith. The wounded are J. Houston, J. Smith, and a woman, name unknown. Capt. Hendrickson, with two companies of the 6th Infantry, who had just arrived here from Fort Leavenworth, has gone out to bring in the survivors. As his command is on foot, it will be impossible for him to pursue the Indians, who are all well mounted.

This may be looked upon as the commencement of the Cheyenne war. Col. Sumner has gone out after this tribe, but one portion of his command is on the Arkansas and the other on the Platte, two hundred miles apart, so that the Indians have a fine chance of slipping in between and getting in his rear, which, it appears, they have done. As the emigration crossing the plains this year is very large, there will be a great loss of life and property unless the Government promptly sends an additional mounted force in that direction. Instead of sending such an unnecessarily large number of troops to Utah, a portion should be sent to chastise the Indians who are who are murdering and robbing our citizens at our very doors.

Yours, &c., A. B.

[Paris (May 29) Correspondence of the London Times.]

**NEW COMPLICATIONS IN THE SPANISH-MEXICAN DISPUTE.**—A telegraphic despatch from Madrid announced yesterday that new difficulties had arisen in the negotiations on the Mexican question, and private letters from that city of the 25th confirm the fact. The "Mexican question" comprises the claims of certain bondholders in the republic, which are of old standing, and satisfaction demanded by Spain for the outrages and murders perpetrated on Spanish subjects resident in the Mexican territory. Though some days ago a satisfactory settlement appeared extremely probable, yet there is reason to fear that, in spite of the united efforts of Lord Howden and the Marquis de Turgot, the question does not present at this moment a very favorable appearance.

The President of the Council and the Minister for Foreign Affairs, Marshal Narvaez and M. Pidal, are both amiable in their views and pacific in their intentions, but there is a violent and uncompromising feeling of hostility against Mexico among the public, in the press, and in the Congress.

In the Congress the paragraph in the answer to the speech from the Throne was drawn up by M. Gonzales Bravo, the Spanish Minister in England, in a much stronger tone than the corresponding passages in the speech; but it would appear that even this does not satisfy the Deputies, and an amendment will probably be moved to unmake the paragraph more bitter still. It is certain that the Government is just now exceedingly weak, from the many fractious into which the majority is split, and, as the Mexican question is the readiest and easiest of all means of opposition, Marshal Narvaez and M. Pidal are becoming every day less free agents in the matter.

I talked with him, told him I was broke and ruined; he said he would make it all right in the morning; I felt as though I was going in, and the next morning I went down on the wharf and had a great mind to throw the one hundred and forty dollars in the bay, for I knew that amount was no use to me; I went and bucked off the one hundred and forty dollars and kept the bit.

I had lost all confidence in Jo., and told him he had ruined me; he told me not to go home; I told him by the Gods I would, and let the people all know what I had done; he said he could not find the man he was to get the money from, but would not consent. I then sent Jo. for the money. When the money was up, I said I had three fives and two sixes—I will always recollect the hand. He showed four kings, and he took the money; and then I found that Jo. was not acting fair with me; and I was then all out except what I had in my pocket, one hundred and forty dollars and a bit.

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**TRUNKS, BONNET BOXES, AND VALISES.**  
**GREAT BARGAINS IN TRUNKS AT**  
**J. H. McCleary's**  
**NATIONAL TRUNK EMPORIUM,**  
**Corner Main and Fourth sts., Louisville, Ky.**

I would respectfully invite the attention of merchants and others visiting the city to my large and elegant assortment of TRUNKS, which I am prepared to offer at least TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. LOWER than any other house in the city. My stock embraces a great variety of cases, entirely new, and cannot fail to please those in want of a Trunk both as regards price and quality. The many advantages which I possess over the other houses in the city, such as manufacturing my own boxes, finishing my own leather, importing my own material, &c., enable me to offer my trunks at much lower prices than any other establishment either in this city or Cincinnati. Merchants and others will be consulting their own interests by giving me a call before making their purchases. Orders promptly attended to. (May 26 d&w&co&w)

J. H. McCLEARY.

**IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.**

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combinations of ingredients in these pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruation, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, and disturbed sleep, which always arise from interruption of nature, they can be successfully used as a preventative. These should never be taken during pregnancy, as they would ensure cause miscarriage. Warranted purely vegetable from anything injurious to life or health. Explicit directions, which should be read, accompany each box. Price \$1. RAYMOND & PATTEN, 74 Fourth street, wholesale and retail agents for Louisville. Sent by mail by enclosing \$1 to Dr. Cornelius L. Cheeseman, No. 129 Broadway, New York.

July 10<sup>th</sup>

**BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS**



THE CELEBRATED HOLLAND REMEDY FOR DYSPEPSIA.

DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS,  
LIVER COMPLAINT,  
WEAKNESS OF ANY KIND

FEVER AND AGUE,  
And the various affections consequent upon a disorder of STOMACH OR LIVER,

Such an Indigestion, Acidity of the Stomach, Colic, Pain, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Convulsions, Convulsive Spasms, Headache, Inflammation, Rheumatic, and Neuralgic Affections, it has in numerous instances, proved highly beneficial; and in others effected a decided cure.

This is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Physician Boerhave. Because of its great success in most of the European States, its introduction into the United States was intended more especially for those of our country scattered here and there over the face of this mighty empire. Meeting with great success among them, now offers it to the American public, knowing that its truly wonderful medicinal virtues must be acknowledged.

It is particularly recommended to those persons whose constitutions may have been impaired by the continuous use of opium, and other narcotics, and who are generally instantaneously in effect, it finds its way directly to the seat of life, thrilling and quickening every nerve, raising up the drooping spirit, and, in fact, infusing new health and vigor, in the system.

No Remedy whatever expects to find this a beverage will be disappointed, but to the sick, weak, and low spirited it will prove a grateful aromatic cordial, possessed of singular remedial properties.

**CAUTION.**

The great popularity of this delightful Aroma has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Be not persuaded to buy anything else until you have given Boerhave's Holland Bitters a fair trial. Our bottle is larger, since you how infinitely superior it is to all these imitations.

It is sold at \$1 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5, by the sole proprietors,

**BENJAMIN PAGE, JR., & CO.,**  
Manufacturing  
Pharmacists and Chemists,

PITTSBURG, PA.

For sale by W. SPRINGER & BRO., Market st., het. Third and Fourth streets, BELL, TALBOT, & CO., 435 Market st., near Fourth, and by all Druggists.

mar29 d&w&co&w

FANS;  
RIBBONS;  
MOURNING MANTLES;  
DRESS SILKS, at cost;  
CREPE BERGERE;  
WHITE GOODS;  
ROSES, VELVET;  
EMBROIDERIES;  
PARASOLS;  
LACE MANTLES;  
BERGERE;  
ORGANES;  
AND LAWNS!

MARTIN & PENTON, 96 Fourth street, are now in receipt of a fresh importation of the above goods, purchased within the past week, direct from the East, to which they call special attention.

Servants' Goods;  
Gloves and Handkerchiefs;  
Domestic of every kind;

Mourning Goods;  
Long and short Net Mill;

Irish Linens (cheap);  
Lace and Gauze Veils;

Hair and Fawn Skins;

Beauties at Bellbottoms, &c., &c.

Of which we have a fine assortment and offer at low prices;

MARTIN & PENTON, 96 Fourth st.

Canvassers Wanted

FOR BENJAMIN PENTON's Abridgment of the Debates of Congress and Burton's Cyclopedias of Wit and Humor. Permanent employment for one year. None but men of ability whom we recommend need apply to

CRUM & WELSH, 96 Fourth st.

Exclusive agents for the above and all other subscription works published by D. Appleton & Co., New York.

jul 14 b

NEW BOOK BY THE AUTHOR OF THE HEIR OF REDCLIFFE—Dynevor Terrace, 2 vols., cloth, \$150.

A new book by the author of Zalidea—Adam Graeme, 1 vol., cloth, \$1.

A new book by the author of Father Clement—Dunallan, or Know What You Judge, 1 vol., cloth, \$1.

A new book by John Phoenix—Phixiana, 1 vol., cloth, \$1.

Knaves and Fools, by Edward M. Whity, 1 vol., cloth, \$1.

Doctor Antonio, a Tale of Italy, by Ruffini, 1 vol., cloth, \$1.

The Norsefolks, or a Visit to the Homes of Norway and Sweden, by Charles Loring Brace, 1 vol., cloth, \$1.25.

Irving's Life of Washington, 1 vol., cloth, \$1.

Memorials of General the Lion-Killer, Translated from the French by Charles E. Whitehead, 1 vol., cloth, \$1.

Essays, Biographical and Critical, or Studies of Character, by Henry T. Tuckerman, 1 vol., cloth, \$1.75.

For sale by J. H. McCleary's, 74 Fourth st., near Main.

66 Fourth st., near Main.

Gold Watches,

Main street, second door below Fourth.

We invite the attention of those in want of a reliable Watch

at a low price. Our selections embrace the most reliable and celebrated makers, such as F. B. Adams & Son, and their hunting, Job, Stoddard, E. D. Johnson, D. Taylor, Wm. Dixen, Jurgensen, Brandt, Humber, and many others.

FASHIONABLE JEWELRY.

Coral, Pearl, Diamond, Jet, Miniature, &c.

Chains, Lockets, Rings, Pens, &c.

FINE SPECTACLES

For all ages and conditions that can be benefited by the aid of glasses—the Fashions so much admired for their perfect transparency and extreme lightness can be defied by constant use, convenience, and convenience.

RAMSEY & BROTHIER.

1,000 Reams Commercial Note Paper.

338 DAMASK laid Note Paper.

These are all well made and suitable for commercial and business purposes, direct from the manufacturers, and waranted as cheap and as good as any in the city without any exception whatever. Merchants and business men can open accounts with us. They will find everything in the book. Blank Book, and Stationery, &c., pertaining to their business. We collect all bills January and April.

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## EVENING BULLETIN.

**PRIZE ESSAY ON HEN HOUSES AND THE MANAGEMENT OF FOWLS.—For the Premium offered by the Union So. of Va., and N. Carolina—By Mrs. Catherine Green, of Dundee.—In view of successful fowl raising, first—due regard should be accorded to the hen house, roosts, nests, and hovels. My hen house is 10 by 12 feet, built of pine poles; my roosts are supported by four forks, driven in the ground, and pine poles extended from one to the other. My boxes or nests are made of plank, 12 inches wide, with partitions 12 inches apart, giving each nest one foot each way. They are also supported by forks, say about three feet long, driven into the ground, taking particular care that neither roost nor nest should have any connection with the house. This prevents the lice, should there be any, from sheltering in the logs or roof of the house, answering only for protection to the fowls. In the spring, the house, roosts, and nests should receive a coat of white-wash, and at intervals, say about once a month, the roosts and nests should be taken out and scalded, new nests made, and thus cleansed, returned to their places. The floor should be kept well supplied with fresh earth to receive the droppings, and once in 15 or 20 days removed to the compost pile, and a fresh supply of earth put in. My hovels for spring use cover a space of about 3 feet square, those for summer use about 5 feet. For summer the ends are left a little open to admit air. They are also white-washed on the inside, and moved about every 15 or 20 days. In spring for early use the hens are set as they take their nests, and carry what chickens they hatch; later in the season I never put the eggs under less than two hens at a time, and frequently from four to six. These hatch out at the same time, and I make a selection of the hens, and give them from 50 to 75 chickens, and put her under one of the largest hovels. The remainder of the setting hens are stopped up for a few days to wean them from their nests, and again turned out for laying. In this way I keep the largest portion of the hens for laying and setting. We feed the chickens three times a day with corn-meal dough, with a good portion of bran added. They are never turned out early in the morning, nor allowed water except in long spells of dry hot weather. My average this season has been about 25 chickens to the hen. I have tried most of the different kinds of chickens, and greatly prefer the Domaneca brood on the Shanghai. First, they are very thrifty, of quick and large growth, soon attaining the size to fry—their flesh or skin is of a rich yellow, which adds very much to their appearance when brought to the table. A sample of these is on exhibition, to which the attention of the committee is respectfully invited.—Amer. Farmer.**

**MANUFACTURED FRUIT TREES.—The Dutch, who are admirable gardeners, had in the great exhibition an instrument called an “earth borer,” for manuring fruit trees without digging the ground. A circle of holes is bored around the tree at two feet distance from the tree, and a foot from each other. Taking the tree at a foot in diameter at the surface of the soil, the circle will be five feet in diameter, and fifteen feet in circumference; and if the holes are three inches in diameter and a foot apart—fifteen inches—there will be about twelve holes; more or less, according to the diameter of the tree.**

They are eighteen inches deep (where there is enough depth of soil), and slanting towards the center; are filled with liquid manure, diluted more or less in dry weather and stronger as the weather is wetter. For the time of application, Dr. Lindley tells us, in the Gardener’s Chronicle, Feb. 21, 1852, “For fruit, the proper time for using liquid manure, is when the fruit is beginning to swell, and has acquired by means of its own surface a power of suction capable of exposing that of the leaves.

At that time liquid manure may be applied freely and continued from time to time as long as the fruit is growing. But at the first sign of ripening, or even earlier, it should be wholly withheld. If liquid manure is applied to a plant when the flowers are growing, the vigor which it communicates to them must also be communicated to the leaves, but when leaves are growing unusually fast there is sometimes a danger that they may rob the branches of the sap required for the nutrition of the fruit; and, if that happens, the latter falls off. And we all know that, when ripening has begun, even water spoils the quality of fruit, although it augments the size, as is sufficiently shown by the strawberries prepared for the London market by irrigation; great addition of size is obtained, but it is at the expense of flavor, and any injury which mere water may produce will certainly not be diminished by water holding ammoniacal and saline substances in solution.” I am not aware that this information has made its way into our orchards, finding no allusion to it in any of our books on orchard management, nor at our agricultural meetings. The time is just coming for putting it to the test, and it remains with the fruit growers to see what profit they can make of it. They need, in these times, all they can get, and this method has the recommendation of requiring little outlay, if any.

Mark Lane (London) Express.

**THE STRIPED BUG.—We have several plans, recommended by correspondents as the best means of checking the depredations of this insect. Some of these we have before given. Sowing plaster, when the dew is on the plants, is good, but needs repeating every day. An entirely new plan to us, is to insert strips of white paper into split sticks. These sticks are then put around the hills like miniature flags and flag poles. A correspondent avers that these will frighten the bugs away. A pumpkin seed or two dropped in the hill will furnish food for the bugs, and they will sometimes overlook the melons or cucumbers. The best way of all, is to place a box over the hills, and if a light of glass is placed over it, all the better. It will not only keep the bugs away, but will advance the plants two or three weeks, giving you ripe melons a long time before you could get them by the ordinary practice. Sprinkling the plants with black pepper one of our readers finds a sovereign remedy. Another finds that placing a handful of slaked lime around each plant, on the surface of the ground, will keep these little pests away. Among such a multitude of remedies that are reported as sure, there would seem to be but little to fear from striped bugs.**

Rural New Yorker.

**FLOUR—100 lbs for sale by CUDR & CO.**

**SOFT HATS.—We are this morning in receipt of a splendid assortment of Soft Hats, different colors and qualities, for men and boys, and for sale cheap by PRATHER, SMITH, & CO.**

**LADIES RIDING HATS AND CHILDREN’S STRAW GOODS of the latest styles just received and for sale by PRATHER, SMITH, & CO.**

**A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF NEW CARPETS, RUGS, &c.**

**Latest importation by C. DUVAL & CO., 537 Main st., between Second and Third.**

**WE are in receipt by express and otherwise, of several large quantities of Carpets, Rugs, &c., to add to our superior stock of Carpets and general Household Furnishings, to which we invite the special attention of purchasers. Among those recently received and those on hand, entirely new, will be found:**

**Rich Saxony Velvets of superior English make; do do do Medallion, do do; do do do Mosaic Brussels, 6-yard frame; do American Brussels, and Tapestry;**

**Together with a splendid variety of superb Mosaic, Patent Tapet, and Tinted Rugs, as well as all the different kinds of Parrot, Hill, and Porch Mats.**

**The above goods are all of the newest designs, best material, durable colors, and at prices the same as in any of the Eastern markets.**

**C. DUVAL & CO., Carpet Warehouse, 537 Main st., above Third.**

**NEW MUSIC.**

**THALBERG’S LATEST COMPOSITIONS.—All of Thalberg’s latest Compositions can be had at the Piano-forte and Music Warehouses.**

**Publishers of Music and Musical Works, 537 Main st., opposite the Bank of Ky.**

**Fine Watches.**

**Just received and for sale, fine Watches in gold and silver cases. Call and see them at JAS. L. LEMON, 537 Main st., between Second and Third.**

**Silver Ware (Pitchers, Cups, Spoons, &c.) and Plated Ware.**

**Extra heavy Plated Ware, such as Tea Sets, Cigar Boxes, &c., a very beautiful Job. Call and see them at JAS. L. LEMON, 537 Main st., between Second and Third.**

## NEW MUSIC.

**JUST received, and for sale wholesale and retail, by J. P. FAULDS & CO., 539 Main street, between Second and Third.**

**Old Stage Coach—Song and chorus, by Webster; Song of the Wanderer, by G. Ellement; Little Oneat Home—6th edition, by C. Ward; Chant du Ciel Waltz, by P. Straw; Italian Waltz, played by the band—Zoller; Wheatland Polka, by John Horn; Mangular Polka, by Katschenbach; Messenger Bird Waltzes, by Schubert; Roses of May Waltzes, by Schubert.**

**asj&b**

## CARPETINGS! CARPETINGS!

**New and beautiful designs.**

## LATEST IMPORTS FOR SPRING.

**C. DUVAL & CO.**

**Late Bent & Duval,**

**A**RE now opening for their spring sales, received by express and otherwise, one of the largest and most complete stocks of that important article they have ever brought to market. Amongst the choice of these we find the genuine. **Antique Green, of Dundee.**—In view of successful fowl raising, first—due regard should be accorded to the hen house, roosts, nests, and hovels. My hen house is 10 by 12 feet, built of pine poles; my roosts are supported by four forks, driven in the ground, and pine poles extended from one to the other. My boxes or nests are made of plank, 12 inches wide, with partitions 12 inches apart, giving each nest one foot each way. They are also supported by forks, say about three feet long, driven into the ground, taking particular care that neither roost nor nest should have any connection with the house. This prevents the lice, should there be any, from sheltering in the logs or roof of the house, answering only for protection to the fowls. In the spring, the house, roosts, and nests should receive a coat of white-wash, and at intervals, say about once a month, the roosts and nests should be taken out and scalded, new nests made, and thus cleansed, returned to their places. The floor should be kept well supplied with fresh earth to receive the droppings, and once in 15 or 20 days removed to the compost pile, and a fresh supply of earth put in. My hovels for spring use cover a space of about 3 feet square, those for summer use about 5 feet. For summer the ends are left a little open to admit air. They are also white-washed on the inside, and moved about every 15 or 20 days. In spring for early use the hens are set as they take their nests, and carry what chickens they hatch; later in the season I never put the eggs under less than two hens at a time, and frequently from four to six. These hatch out at the same time, and I make a selection of the hens, and give them from 50 to 75 chickens, and put her under one of the largest hovels. The remainder of the setting hens are stopped up for a few days to wean them from their nests, and again turned out for laying. In this way I keep the largest portion of the hens for laying and setting. We feed the chickens three times a day with corn-meal dough, with a good portion of bran added. They are never turned out early in the morning, nor allowed water except in long spells of dry hot weather. My average this season has been about 25 chickens to the hen. I have tried most of the different kinds of chickens, and greatly prefer the Domaneca brood on the Shanghai. First, they are very thrifty, of quick and large growth, soon attaining the size to fry—their flesh or skin is of a rich yellow, which adds very much to their appearance when brought to the table. A sample of these is on exhibition, to which the attention of the committee is respectfully invited.—Amer. Farmer.

**537 Main st., opposite the Bank of Kentucky.**

**ALL numbers, medium and heavy.**

**AN ORIGINAL CASE IMPORTED DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER IN BELFAST, IRELAND.**

**B**Y C. DUVAL & CO., Main st.

**WE are this morning in receipt of the above superb goods, which we warrant to be pure, and at prices as follows:**

**Robes, Berries, Organdie, and Silk;**

**Spotted silk, blue and white;**

**Small plaid and check Silks;**

**Flourish Silk, plain and figured;**

**EMBROIDERIES.**

**Elegant Valenciennes, Plait, and Guipure Sets;**

**Iron French worked Swiss;**

**Silver Thread, Bobbin lace;**

**Misses’ do do do;**

**Collars, Spencers, Bands, Flounces;**

**Skirts, Pelmets, Handkerchiefs;**

**French Veils, blue Tissue and Grenadine;**

**Blue and black Net.**

**PARASOLS AND FANS.**

**Of the most beautiful designs.**

**DOMESTIC GOODS.**

**Never before was our stock so complete as at present.**

**Everything for servants on hand, and at such prices as follows:**

**MARTIN & PENTON, 536 Fourth st., between Market and Jefferson.**

**asj&b**

**EXTRA FINE TOOLS.**

**PEAR AND JACKSON’S EXTRA FINE POLISHING**

**SAWS, with rose wood, zebrawood, and beach polo’ed**

**bands, and other Tools to match, for sale by**

**181 job 536 Fourth st., between Market and Jefferson.**

**A. McBRIDE, 69 Third st.**

**asj&b**

**Richardson’s Celebrated Irish Linens.**

**All numbers, medium and heavy.**

**AN ORIGINAL CASE IMPORTED DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER IN BELFAST, IRELAND.**

**B**Y C. DUVAL & CO., Main st.

**WE are this morning in receipt of the above superb**

**goods, which we warrant to be pure, and at prices as follows:**

**MARTIN & PENTON, 536 Fourth st., between Market and Jefferson.**

**asj&b**

**FINE GOODS, SPRING & MANTLES.**

**WE are this morning in receipt of a case of fine dry**

**goods in the following:**

**High colored printed C**

**Do do Silk No. 1, entirely new style;**

**Organdy;**

**Muslin;**

**Printed;**

**Embossed Trav’ling Mantles;**

**Lace Mantle;**

**New style silk and Shawl;**

**A variety of Kid Gloves, all number;**

**181 job 536 Fourth st., between Market and Jefferson.**

**C. DUVAL & CO., Main st.**

**asj&b**

**GRAND SUBSTITUTION.**

**I**ADIES, you’re invited to call to the great invention of

**BLISS HOOPS FOR SKIRTS instead of the Whalebone**

**which are so apt to be broken. You will find them as**

**cheap as whalebone and very much lighter.**

**MARTIN & PENTON, Agents, 536 Fourth st.**

**asj&b**

**JEWELRY.**

**A** LARGE and rich assortment of—

**CORAL, CAMEO, PAINTED, and GARNET**

**JEWELRY.**

**Direct from the manufacturer and importers, is now**

**open for inspection at JOHN KITTS & CO.’s, Main st.**

**asj&b**

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